



## Safety Data Sheet

Copyright, 2023, Meguiar's Inc. All rights reserved. Copying and/or downloading of this information for the purpose of properly utilizing Meguiar's Inc. products is allowed provided that: (1) the information is copied in full with no changes unless prior written agreement is obtained from Meguiar's Inc., and (2) neither the copy nor the original is resold or otherwise distributed with the intention of earning a profit thereon.

<b>Document group:</b>	39-4108-5	<b>Version number:</b>	4.01
<b>Revision date:</b>	20/09/2023	<b>Supersedes date:</b>	14/03/2023

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and its modifications.

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Mirror Glaze® Ultra Pro Speed Compound (Professional) M110 [M11001 M11032]

#### Product Identification Numbers

14-1001-2048-5	14-1001-2049-3	14-1001-5619-0	14-1001-5620-8
7100206012	7100206011	7100315581	7100315582

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

##### Identified uses

Automotive.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

<b>Address:</b>	Meguiars United Kingdom Limited, 3 Lamport Court, Heartlands, Daventry, Northants, NN11 8UF
<b>Telephone:</b>	+44 (0)870 241 6696
<b>E Mail:</b>	info@meguiars.co.uk
<b>Website:</b>	www.meguiars.co.uk

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency medical information: 8am-10pm (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland. Telephone Number: +353 (0)1 809 2166

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

The health and environmental classifications of this material have been derived using the calculation method, except in cases where test data are available or the physical form impacts classification. Classification(s) based on test data or physical form are noted below, if applicable.

The aspiration hazard classification is not required due to the product's viscosity.

**CLASSIFICATION:**

Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Repeated Exposure, Category 2 - STOT RE 2; H373  
Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment (Chronic), Category 3 - Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

**2.2. Label elements****CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008****SIGNAL WORD**

WARNING.

**Symbols**

GHS08 (Health Hazard) |

**Pictograms****Ingredients:**

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	EC No.	% by Wt
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	265-191-7	< 10

**HAZARD STATEMENTS:**

H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS****Prevention:**

P260A	Do not breathe vapours.
-------	-------------------------

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:****Supplemental Hazard Statements:**

EUH208	Contains reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.
--------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Information required per Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 on Biocidal Products:**

Contains a biocidal product (preservative): C(M)IT/MIT (3:1).

**2.3. Other hazards**

None known.

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients****3.1. Substances**

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

<b>Ingredient</b>	<b>Identifier(s)</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]</b>
Non-hazardous Ingredient	(CAS-No.) 7732-18-5 (EC-No.) 231-791-2	40 - 70	Substance not classified as hazardous
Aluminium oxide	(CAS-No.) 1344-28-1 (EC-No.) 215-691-6	10 - 30	Substance with a national occupational exposure limit
Plant Oil	Trade Secret	0.5 - 1.5	Substance not classified as hazardous
Triethanolamine	(CAS-No.) 102-71-6 (EC-No.) 203-049-8 (REACH-No.) 01-2119486482-31	0.5 - 1.5	Substance with a national occupational exposure limit
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	(CAS-No.) 55965-84-9 (EC-No.) 911-418-6	< 0.0015	EUH071 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400, M=100 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M=100 Nota B Acute Tox. 2, H330 Acute Tox. 2, H310
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	(CAS-No.) 64742-88-7 (EC-No.) 265-191-7	< 10	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT RE 1, H372 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	(EC-No.) 926-141-6	1 - 5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	(EC-No.) 920-901-0	1 - 5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066
White mineral oil (petroleum)	(CAS-No.) 8042-47-5 (EC-No.) 232-455-8	1 - 5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Glycerol	(CAS-No.) 56-81-5 (EC-No.) 200-289-5	1 - 5	Substance with a national occupational exposure limit

Any entry in the Identifier(s) column that begins with the numbers 6, 7, 8, or 9 are a Provisional List Number provided by ECHA pending publication of the official EC Inventory Number for the substance.

Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

### Specific Concentration Limits

<b>Ingredient</b>	<b>Identifier(s)</b>	<b>Specific Concentration Limits</b>
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	(CAS-No.) 55965-84-9 (EC-No.) 911-418-6	(C ≥ 0.6%) Skin Corr. 1C, H314 (0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 (C ≥ 0.6%) Eye Dam. 1, H318 (0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%) Eye Irrit. 2, H319

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### Skin contact

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### Eye contact

If exposed, flush eyes with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important symptoms and effects based on the CLP classification include:  
Target organ effects. See Section 11 for additional details.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable.

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

No special storage requirements.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

<b>Ingredient</b>	<b>CAS Nbr</b>	<b>Agency</b>	<b>Limit type</b>	<b>Additional comments</b>
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Ireland OELs	TWA(8 hours):5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Ireland OELs	TWA(Total inhalable dust)(8 hours):10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ;TWA(as respirable dust)(8 hours):4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
DUST, INERT OR NUISANCE	56-81-5	Ireland OELs	TWA(Total inhalable dust)(8 hours):10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ;TWA(as respirable dust)(8 hours):4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Mineral oils, highly-refined oils	8042-47-5	Ireland OELs	TWA(inhalable fraction)(8 hours):5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

Ireland OELs : Ireland. OELs

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

#### Biological limit values

No biological limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this safety data sheet.

**Recommended monitoring procedures:**Information on recommended monitoring procedures can be obtained from Indust. Inspect./Ministry (IE)

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

None required.

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

Material	Thickness (mm)	Breakthrough Time
Fluoroelastomer	0.4	=>8 hours
Nitrile rubber.	0.35	=>8 hours

The glove data presented are based on the substance driving dermal toxicity and the conditions present at the time of testing. Breakthrough time may be altered when the glove is subjected to use conditions that place additional stress on the glove.

#### Applicable Norms/Standards

Use gloves tested to EN 374

#### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

#### Applicable Norms/Standards

Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136: filter types A & P

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	White
Odor	Hydrocarbon
Odour threshold	No data available.
Melting point/freezing point	No data available.
Boiling point/boiling range	100 °C
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No data available.
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No data available.
Flash point	>=93.3 °C [Test Method: Closed Cup]
Autoignition temperature	No data available.
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
pH	8.2 - 8.9
Kinematic Viscosity	27,523 mm <sup>2</sup> /sec

Water solubility	No data available.
Solubility- non-water	No data available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.
Vapour pressure	No data available.
Density	1.09 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Relative density	1.09 [Ref Std: WATER=1]
Relative Vapour Density	No data available.

## 9.2. Other information

### 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Average particle size	No data available.
Bulk density	No data available.
EU Volatile Organic Compounds	No data available.
Evaporation rate	No data available.
Molecular weight	No data available.
Percent volatile	74.2 % weight [Test Method: Estimated]
Softening point	No data available.

\* The values noted with an asterisk (\*) in the above table are representative values based on testing of raw materials and selected products. Additionally, a material's characteristics may change depending upon the process and conditions of use at a facility, including further changes in particle size, or mixture with other materials. In order to obtain specific data for the material, we recommend the user conduct characterisation testing based on the use factors at the specific facility.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Not determined

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Not determined

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
None known.	

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from internal hazard assessments.

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

## Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

### Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

### Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

### Eye contact

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

### Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

## Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

### Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapour(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Aluminium oxide	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 2.3 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Inhalation-Vapour		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Inhalation-Vapour		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Inhalation-Vapour	Professional judgement	LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Plant Oil	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000
Plant Oil	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000
Triethanolamine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 9,000 mg/kg
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6]	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 87 mg/kg



(3:1)			
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 0.171 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 40 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Aluminium oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Rabbit	Irritant
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Glycerol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Plant Oil	Human	Minimal irritation
Triethanolamine	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Rabbit	Corrosive

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Aluminium oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Rabbit	No significant irritation
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Glycerol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Plant Oil	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Triethanolamine	Rabbit	Mild irritant
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Rabbit	Corrosive

### Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Guinea pig	Not classified
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Guinea pig	Not classified
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Guinea pig	Not classified
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Guinea pig	Not classified
Glycerol	Guinea pig	Not classified
Plant Oil	Human	Not classified
Triethanolamine	Human	Not classified
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Human and animal	Sensitising

### Photosensitisation

Name	Species	Value
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Human and animal	Not sensitising

## Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data is currently available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

## Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Aluminium oxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	In vivo	Not mutagenic
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
White mineral oil (petroleum)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Plant Oil	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Plant Oil	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Triethanolamine	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Triethanolamine	In vivo	Not mutagenic
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	In vivo	Not mutagenic
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

## Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation	Rat	Not carcinogenic
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Inhalation	Human and animal	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Not specified.	Not available	Not carcinogenic
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Not specified.	Not available	Not carcinogenic
Glycerol	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Triethanolamine	Dermal	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic

## Reproductive Toxicity

### Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	during organogenesis
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350	13 weeks

				mg/kg/day	
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Not specified.	Not classified for female reproduction	Not available	NOAEL NA	1 generation
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Not specified.	Not classified for male reproduction	Not available	NOAEL NA	28 days
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Not specified.	Not classified for development	Not available	NOAEL NA	during gestation
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Not specified.	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL Not available	1 generation
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Not specified.	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL Not available	1 generation
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Not specified.	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL Not available	1 generation
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 1,125 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day	2 generation
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day	2 generation
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

## Target Organ(s)

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 6.5 mg/l	4 hours
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure**

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 4.6 mg/l	6 months
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1.9 mg/l	13 weeks
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.6 mg/l	90 days
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   blood   liver   muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 5.6 mg/l	12 weeks
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	90 days
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day	90 days
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	liver   immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days
Glycerol	Inhalation	respiratory system   heart   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.91 mg/l	14 days
Glycerol	Ingestion	endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 10,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Plant Oil	Ingestion	heart   hematopoietic system   liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 4,800 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Plant Oil	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 13,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Triethanolamine	Dermal	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Triethanolamine	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 4,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day	24 weeks

**Aspiration Hazard**

Name	Value
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Aspiration hazard
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Aspiration hazard
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Aspiration hazard
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for human health.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

### 12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available.

Material	CAS #	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	>100 mg/l
Plant Oil	Trade Secret	Bacteria	Analogous Compound	16 hours	NOEC	10,000 mg/l
Plant Oil	Trade Secret	Zebra Fish	Analogous Compound	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	NOEC	0.91 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	EC50	5.7 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Copepod	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.007 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	0.0199 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	0.027 mg/l

reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	0.19 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Sheepshead Minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	0.3 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.099 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Diatom	Experimental	48 hours	NOEC	0.00049 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Fathead minnow	Experimental	36 days	NOEL	0.02 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.004 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.004 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	IC50	>1,000 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	11,800 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	512 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	609.98 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC10	26 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	16 mg/l
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	EL50	8.3 mg/l
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	Rainbow trout	Analogous Compound	96 hours	LL50	20 mg/l
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium	64742-88-7	Water flea	Analogous Compound	48 hours	EL50	1.4 mg/l

aliph.						
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	NOEL	4 mg/l
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	Water flea	Analogous Compound	21 days	NOEL	0.48 mg/l
Glycerol	56-81-5	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	10,000 mg/l
Glycerol	56-81-5	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	54,000 mg/l
Glycerol	56-81-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	1,955 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	920-901-0	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	920-901-0	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LL50	>1,000 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	920-901-0	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	920-901-0	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEL	1,000 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>1,000 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEL	1,000 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Analogous Compound	48 hours	EL50	>100 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>100 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	NOEL	100 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Analogous Compound	21 days	NOEL	>100 mg/l

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Data not available - insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plant Oil	Trade Secret	Analogous Compound Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	64 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Analogous Compound Biodegradation	29 days	CO2 evolution	62 %CO2 evolution/THC O2 evolution (does not pass 10-day window)	OECD 301B - Modified Sturm or CO2
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-	55965-84-9	Experimental Hydrolysis		Hydrolytic half-life (pH 7)	> 60 days (t 1/2)	

one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)						
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Experimental Biodegradation	19 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	96 %removal of DOC	similar to OECD 301E
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	55 %CO2 evolution/THC O2 evolution	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Glycerol	56-81-5	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	63 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	920-901-0	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	31.3 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	69 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	0 %CO2 evolution/THC O2 evolution	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2

### 12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plant Oil	Trade Secret	Modeled Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	7.4	Catalogic™
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Analogous Compound BCF - Fish	28 days	Bioaccumulation factor	54	OECD305-Bioconcentration
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Analogous Compound Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.4	
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Experimental BCF - Fish	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	<3.9	similar to OECD 305
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	Modeled Bioconcentration		Log Kow	6	
Glycerol	56-81-5	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-1.76	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	920-901-0	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Experimental Mobility in Soil	Koc	10 l/kg	OECD 106 Adsp-Desb Batch Equil
Glycerol	56-81-5	Estimated	Koc	<1 l/kg	Episuite™



		Mobility in Soil			
--	--	------------------	--	--	--

## 12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for environmental effects

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of the manufacturer, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/CE and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor

## EU waste code (product as sold)

070104\* Other organic solvents, washing liquids and mother liquors

# SECTION 14: Transportation information

Not hazardous for transportation.

ADR/IATA/IMDG: Not restricted for transport.

	Ground Transport (ADR)	Air Transport (IATA)	Marine Transport (IMDG)
<b>14.1 UN number or ID number</b>	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.

<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
<b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.
<b>14.7 Marine Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments</b>	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
<b>Control Temperature</b>	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
<b>Emergency Temperature</b>	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
<b>ADR Classification Code</b>	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
<b>IMDG Segregation Code</b>	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional information on the transport/shipment of the material by rail (RID) or inland waterways (ADN).

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Carcinogenicity

##### Ingredient

Triethanolamine

##### CAS Nbr

102-71-6

##### Classification

Gr. 3: Not classifiable

##### Regulation

International Agency for Research on Cancer

#### Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use:

The following substance(s) contained in this product is/are subject through Annex XVII of REACH regulation to restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use when present in certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles. Users of this product are required to comply with the restrictions placed upon it by the aforementioned provision.

##### Ingredient

reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

##### CAS Nbr

55965-84-9

Restriction status: listed in REACH Annex XVII

Restricted uses: See Annex XVII to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 for Conditions of Restriction

#### Global inventory status

Contact manufacturer for more information The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of the Korea Chemical Control Act. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Australia National Industrial Chemical Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS). Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Japan Chemical Substance Control Law. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this material are in

compliance with the provisions of Philippines RA 6969 requirements. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA. This product complies with Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances. All ingredients are listed on or exempt from on China IECSC inventory. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

**DIRECTIVE 2012/18/EU**

Seveso hazard categories, Annex 1, Part 1

None

Seveso named dangerous substances, Annex 1, Part 2

Dangerous Substances	Identifier(s)	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of	
		Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	50	200

**Regulation (EU) No 649/2012**

No chemicals listed

**15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment**

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this substance/mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

**List of relevant H statements**

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Revision information:**

Section 1: Product identification numbers information was added.

Section 01: SAP Material Numbers information was added.

Section 3: Composition/ Information of ingredients table information was modified.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications. In addition, this SDS is being provided to convey health and safety information. If you are the importer of record of this product into the European Union, you are responsible for all regulatory requirements, including, but not limited to, product registrations/notifications, substance volume tracking, and potential substance registration.

**Meguiar's, Inc. Ireland SDSs are available at [www.meguiars.co.uk](http://www.meguiars.co.uk)**