

# Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and its modifications.

# **SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Meguiar's M300 So1o All In One

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Identified uses

Automotive.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Address: Meguiars United Kingdom Limited, 3 Lamport Court, Heartlands, Daventry, Northants, NN11 8UF

Telephone: +44 (0)870 241 6696 E Mail: info@meguiars.co.uk Website: www.meguiars.co.uk

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)870 241 6696

### **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

The health and environmental classifications of this material have been derived using the calculation method, except in cases where test data are available or the physical form impacts classification. Classification(s) based on test data or physical form are noted below, if applicable.

The aspiration hazard classification is not required due to the product's viscosity.

#### **CLASSIFICATION:**

This material is not classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, as amended, on classification, labelling, and packaging of substances and mixtures.

### 2.2. Label elements

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

Not applicable

#### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

**Supplemental Hazard Statements:** 

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 2.3. Other hazards

None known.

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

Ingredient	Identifier(s)	%	Classification according to Regulation
Diluent	Trade Secret	60 - 100	(EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] Substance not classified as hazardous
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	(EC-No.) 926-141-6	10 - 30	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066
Aluminium oxide	(CAS-No.) 1344-28-1 (EC-No.) 215-691-6	1 - 10	Substance with a national occupational exposure limit
Polyalkylsiloxane with functionalized silica	Trade Secret	3 - 7	Substance not classified as hazardous
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	(CAS-No.) 8042-47-5 (EC-No.) 232-455-8	1 - 5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Triethanolamine	(CAS-No.) 102-71-6 (EC-No.) 203-049-8	0.1 - 1	Substance with a national occupational exposure limit
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	(CAS-No.) 2634-33-5 (EC-No.) 220-120-9	< 0.05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400,M=10 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410,M=1

Any entry in the Identifier(s) column that begins with the numbers 6, 7, 8, or 9 are a Provisional List Number provided by ECHA pending publication of the official EC Inventory Number for the substance. Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

### **Specific Concentration Limits**

Ingredient	Identifier(s)	Specific Concentration Limits
, ,	(CAS-No.) 2634-33-5 (EC-No.) 220-120-9	(C >= 0.05%) Skin Sens. 1, H317

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### Skin contact

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### **Eve contact**

Flush eyes with large amounts of water. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

#### If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No critical symptoms or effects. See Section 11.1, information on toxicological effects.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

## **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a carbon dioxide or dry chemical extinguisher to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

### **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

SubstanceConditionformaldehydeDuring combustion.Carbon monoxideDuring combustion.Carbon dioxide.During combustion.Irritant vapours or gases.During combustion.

### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or

bodies of water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Protect from sunlight.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Ireland OELs	TWA(8 hours):5 mg/m3	
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Ireland OELs	TWA(Total inhalable dust)(8 hours):10 mg/m3;TWA(as respirable dust)(8 hours):4 mg/m3	
Mineral oils, highly-refined oils	8042-47-5	Ireland OELs	TWA(inhalable fraction)(8 hours):5 mg/m3	

Ireland OELs : Ireland. OELs TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

#### **Biological limit values**

No biological limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this safety data sheet.

**Recommended monitoring procedures:** Information on recommended monitoring procedures can be obtained from Indust. Inspect./Ministry (IE)

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

None required.

### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

MaterialThickness (mm)Breakthrough TimePolymer laminateNo data availableNo data available

When only incidental contact is anticipated, alternative glove material(s) may be used. If contact with the glove does occur, remove immediately and replace with a set of new gloves. For incidental contact, gloves made of the following material(s) may be used: Nitrile rubber.

Applicable Norms/Standards
Use gloves tested to EN 374

### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136: filter types A & P

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

**Specific Physical Form:** Colour

Odor

Odour threshold

Melting point/freezing point Boiling point/boiling range Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable Limits(LEL) Flammable Limits(UEL)

Flash point

Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature

pН

Kinematic Viscosity Water solubility Liquid. Emulsion Light Green

Coconut lime
No data available.
Not applicable.
No data available.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.

Flash point > 93 °C (200 °F) [Test Method: Estimated]

Not applicable.
No data available.

7.5 - 8.75 Units not available or not applicable.

32.7 mm<sup>2</sup>/sec Soluble

Solubility- non-water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Vapour pressure

Density

Relative density

**Relative Vapour Density** 

No data available. No data available. No data available.

1.01 [*Ref Std*:WATER=1]

No data available.

No data available.

#### 9.2. Other information

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

EU Volatile Organic CompoundsNo data available.Evaporation rateNo data available.Percent volatile80.89 % weight

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

None known.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

None known.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

**Substance** Condition

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from internal hazard assessments.

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

#### Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

#### Eye contact

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

### Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

### **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

### **Acute Toxicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation- Vapour(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Inhalation- Vapour	Professio nal judgeme nt	LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Aluminium oxide	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 2.3 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Polyalkylsiloxane with functionalized silica	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 19,400 mg/kg
Polyalkylsiloxane with functionalized silica	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 17,000 mg/kg
Triethanolamine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 9,000 mg/kg
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 454 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

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Name	Species	Value					
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Rabbit	Minimal irritation					
Aluminium oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation					
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Rabbit	No significant irritation					
Polyalkylsiloxane with functionalized silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation					
Triethanolamine	Rabbit	Minimal irritation					
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Rabbit	No significant irritation					

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Aluminium oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Rabbit	Mild irritant

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Polyalkylsiloxane with functionalized silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Triethanolamine	Rabbit	Mild irritant
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Rabbit	Corrosive

### **Skin Sensitisation**

Name	Species	Value
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Triethanolamine	Human	Not classified
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Guinea	Sensitising
	pig	

### **Respiratory Sensitisation**

For the component/components, either no data is currently available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Aluminium oxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Triethanolamine	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Triethanolamine	In vivo	Not mutagenic
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	In vivo	Not mutagenic
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2%	Not	Not	Not carcinogenic
aromatics	specified.	available	
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation	Rat	Not carcinogenic
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Inhalation	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
Triethanolamine	Dermal	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification

### **Reproductive Toxicity**

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Not specified.	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL Not available	1 generation
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Not specified.	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL Not available	1 generation
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Not specified.	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL Not available	1 generation
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks

White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL	during
				4,350	gestation
				mg/kg/day	
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL	during
				1,125	organogenesis
				mg/kg/day	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 112	2 generation
				mg/kg/day	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 112	2 generation
				mg/kg/day	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 112	2 generation
,		_		mg/kg/day	

### Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

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ſ	Name	Route Target Organ(s) Value S		Species	Test result	Exposure		
L							Duration	
Ī	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the	similar	NOAEL Not		
	one			data are not sufficient for	health	available		
				classification	hazards			

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure** 

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day	90 days
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	liver   immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days
Triethanolamine	Dermal	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Triethanolamine	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 4,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day	24 weeks
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	Ingestion	liver   hematopoietic system   eyes   kidney and/or bladder   respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 322 mg/kg/day	90 days
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	Ingestion	heart   endocrine system   nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	28 days

# **Aspiration Hazard**

Name	Value
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Aspiration hazard
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for human health.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

### 12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available.

Material	CAS#	Organism	Туре	Exposure	Test endpoint	
Hydrocarbons, C11- C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11- C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>1,000 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11- C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11- C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEL	1,000 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	N/A	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	>100 mg/l
Polyalkylsiloxane with functionalized silica	Trade Secret	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Analogous Compound	48 hours	EL50	>100 mg/l
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>100 mg/l
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	NOEL	100 mg/l
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Analogous Compound	21 days	NOEL	>100 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	IC50	>1,000 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	11,800 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	512 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	609.98 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC10	26 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	16 mg/l

1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	0.11 mg/l
1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	1.6 mg/l
1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Sheepshead Minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	16.7 mg/l
1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	2.9 mg/l
1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.0403 mg/l
1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	EC50	12.8 mg/l
1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Bobwhite quail	Experimental	14 days	LD50	617 mg per kg of bodyweight
1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Cabbage	Experimental	14 days	EC50	200 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Redworm	Experimental	14 days	LC50	>410.6 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Soil microbes	Experimental	28 days	EC50	>811.5 mg/kg (Dry Weight)

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	69 %BOD/ThO D	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Data not availbl- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Polyalkylsiloxane with functionalized silica	Trade Secret	Data not availbl- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	0 %CO2 evolution/THC O2 evolution	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Experimental Biodegradation	19 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	96 %removal of DOC	similar to OECD 301E
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	0 %BOD/ThO D	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	2634-33-5	Experimental Aquatic Inherent Biodegrad.	34 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	17 %removal of DOC	OECD 302A - Modified SCAS Test
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	2634-33-5	Experimental Biodegradation	21 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	80 %removal of DOC	OECD 303A - Simulated Aerobic
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	2634-33-5	Experimental Biodegradation		Half-life (t 1/2)	4 hours (t 1/2)	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Experimental Hydrolysis		Hydrolytic half-life	>1 years (t 1/2)	OECD 111 Hydrolysis func of pH

# 12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Polyalkylsiloxane with functionalized silica	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Experimental BCF - Fish	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	<3.9	similar to OECD 305

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-	2634-33-5	Experimental BCF -	56 days	Bioaccumulation	6.62	similar to OECD 305
one		Fish		factor		
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-	2634-33-5	Experimental		Log Kow	1.45	OECD 107 log Kow shke
one		Bioconcentration				flsk mtd

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-	2634-33-5	Experimental	Koc	9.33 l/kg	OECD 121 Estim. of Koc by
one		Mobility in Soil			HPLC

### 12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for environmental effects

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Prior to disposal, consult all applicable authorities and regulations to insure proper classification. Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty and clean product containers may be disposed as non-hazardous waste. Consult your specific regulations and service providers to determine available options and requirements.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of the manufacturer, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/CE and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor

### **EU** waste code (product as sold)

070601\* Aqueous washing liquids and mother liquors

# **SECTION 14: Transportation information**

Not hazardous for transportation.

	Ground Transport (ADR)	Air Transport (IATA)	Marine Transport (IMDG)
14.1 UN number or ID number	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
14.4 Packing group	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
14.5 Environmental hazards	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
14.6 Special precautions for user	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.
14.7 Marine Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
Control Temperature	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
<b>Emergency Temperature</b>	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
ADR Classification Code	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
IMDG Segregation Code	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional information on the transport/shipment of the material by rail (RID) or inland waterways (ADN).

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Carcinogenicity

IngredientCAS NbrClassificationRegulationTriethanolamine102-71-6Gr. 3: Not classifiableInternational Agency<br/>for Research on Cancer

<u>Ingredient</u> <u>CAS Nbr</u>

Restriction status: listed in REACH Annex XVII

Restricted uses: See Annex XVII to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 for Conditions of Restriction

### Global inventory status

Contact manufacturer for more information The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

### **DIRECTIVE 2012/18/EU**

Seveso hazard categories, Annex 1, Part 1

### None

Seveso named dangerous substances, Annex 1, Part 2

Dangerous Substances	Identifier(s)	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of	
		Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	100	200

### Regulation (EU) No 649/2012

No chemicals listed

#### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this substance/mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### List of relevant H statements

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Revision information:**

No revision information

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications. In addition, this SDS is being provided to convey health and safety information. If you are the importer of record of this product into the European Union, you are responsible for all regulatory requirements, including, but not limited to, product registrations/notifications, substance volume tracking, and potential substance registration.

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